

# VELOCITY 14R Pro

Benchtop Refrigerated Centrifuge



Instruction manual

Model VELOCITY 14R Pro Benchtop Refrigerated Centrifuge

V2009

## MODEL VELOCITY 14R Pro BENCHTOP REFRIGERATED CENTRIFUGE

Thank you very much for choosing Dynamica Velocity 14R Pro centrifuge. Please read this instruction manual carefully before using the centrifuge.



Appearance or specification is subject to change without notice.

## Dynamica

## A Safety Reminder

Symbol  $\triangle$  is the general internationally safety sign, please read carefully and fully understand the following safety precautions.

• Read all safety Warnings and Cautions in this manual carefully.

• Safety messages are labeled as followings. The safety symbol  $\triangle$  is in combination with words of "WARNING" and "CAUTION" to notify users the potential danger; The definitions of this two combination are as follows:

#### A WARNING: Personal dangerousness

Warning notes indicate any condition or practice, which if not strictly observed, could result in personal injury or possible death.

▲ CAUTION: Instrument damage

Caution notes indicate any condition or practice, which if not strictly observed or remedied, could result in damage or destruction of the equipment.

**NOTE:** Notes indicate an area or subject of special merit, emphasizing either the product's capability or common errors in operation or maintenance.

• Do not use the centrifuge in the way which does not mention on this manual, Please contact Dynamica technician if you have any question.

## A WARNING:

- This centrifuge is not explosion-proof. Never use explosive or flammable samples.
- Do not install the centrifuge in or near places where inflammable gases are generated or chemicals are stored.

• Make sure to prepare necessary safely measures before using samples that are toxic, radioactive or contaminated with pathogenic micro-organisms.

• If the instrument, the rotor and or accessories that has been contaminated by solutions with toxic, radioactive or pathogenic materials, clean it according to the decontamination procedure that you specified.

• If the contaminated equipment requires service of Dynamica or authorized agency of Dynamica, either at the customer's site, Dynamica or at the agent facilities, sterilize and decontaminate it in advance. Make sure to notify the service representatives of the use of such materials.

• Do not touch the power cord or switch with wet hands to avoid electrical shocks.

• Users or any hazardous materials are recommended to keep 30cm away from the

centrifuge when it is operating.

• Never forcedly release the door lock while the rotor is rotating.

• Unauthorized repairs, disassembly, and other services applied to the centrifuge are strictly prohibited.

## A CAUTION:

• The centrifuge must be located on the firm and level table.

• Be careful not to get your fingers or hands caught between the door hook and the table when closing the door.

• When opening the door, make sure the angle between door and the shell is more than 70 degree.

• Do not move or relocate this centrifuge while the rotor is rotating.

• If there is liquid in the chamber, towel off it immediately to avoid contaminating the sample.

• Keep the chamber clean and remove any objects before running the instrument.

• Cautions on rotors:

1) Always check for corrosion and damages on the rotor surface before using it. Do not use the rotor or bucket if such abnormality is found.

2) Do not run this centrifuge over the allowable maximum speed of the rotor, buckets, and adapters. If their maximum speeds vary, run it at the lowest maximum speed among them.

3) Do not exceed the allowable imbalance.

4) Make sure the tubes and bottles within their actual capacities.

5) Make sure all the buckets are the same type at all times.

6) If the rotor is provided with a cover, make sure it is tightly rotated on the rotor before the operation.

7) Use recommended rotors only.

• If any abnormal condition occurs during operation, stop it immediately and contact our service representative. Notify the service representative the error code.

• Earthquakes may cause damage to the centrifuge. Contact our service representative if abnormality observed.

A Safety Reminder	iii
1 Specification	
2 Operational Condition	2
2.1 Basic operational conditions	
2.2 Transport and storage condition	
3 Installation	
3.1 Location	3
3.2 Connection of the power cord and grounding	3
4 Structure	
5 Operation panel	5
6 Preparation (Rotor)	
7 Operation	
7.1 Normal Operation	
7.2 RCF Operation	
7.3 Programmed Operation	16
7.4 Pulse Operation	
7.5 Pre-cooling operation	
7.6 Browse the rotor information	18
8 Acceleration and Deceleration Rates	20
9 Temperature Control	21
9.1 Sample temperature during the run	21
9.2 High-temperature operation	21
10 Maintenance	22
10.1 The daily maintenance	22
10.2 Periodic inspect and replace consumable parts	23
11 Troubleshooting	24
11.1 Common malfunction list	24
11.2 Identify the malfunction	25
12 Frequent problems and solutions	26
12.1 How to open the door	26
12.2 How to remove the rotor stuck on the shaft	26
13 Applicable rotors and tubes	
13.1 Table of applicable rotors	28
13.2 Cleaning and sterilizing tubes and bottles	29
14 Rotating radii of applicable rotors	31
15 Calculating relative centrifuge force (RCF)	31
16 Circuit connecting graph	32
17 Guarantee	33
After-sales Service	33

## Contents

# 1 Specification

Maximum speed	14,000rpm	
Maximum RCF	21,780×g	
Maximum capacity	6×50ml	
Timer	1Minute~99hours59Minutes~HOLD (continuous	
	running)	
Settable temperature	-20°C~40°C	
range		
Acceleration/deceleration	(1~9) / (1~9) stages (9 is the fastest curve)	
profiles		
Driving system	Brushless DC Motor	
Refrigerant	Environment protection refrigerant 134a	
Program memory	9	
Safety features	Cover door with dual-locks, over-speed protection,	
	overheat protection and imbalance protection, situation	
	diagnosis system	
Power requirements	220V: Single phase, ~220-240V±10%, 50/60Hz±1Hz,	
	1500VA	
	110V: Single phase, ~110V±10%, 60Hz±1Hz, 1500VA	
Dimensions (mm)	560mm×500mm×380 mm(L*W*H)	
Weight	About 60kg	
Additional features	Rotor auto identification, Speed/Acceleration switch	
	function, Pre-cooling function, Short time running	
	function, Processing display	

# 2 Operational Condition

## 2.1 Basic operational conditions

1) Power: (220V) single phase, ~220-240V±10%, 50/60Hz±1Hz, 10A, standard sine wave;

(110V) single phase, ~110V±10%, 60Hz±1Hz, 25A, standard sine wave;

Install an emergency switch that turns off the main power supply in the event of malfunction. It is ideal to install the emergency switch outside of the room or near the exit;

- 2) Environment temperature: 2°C~40°C;
- Relative humidity: ≤80%;
- 4) No vigorous vibration and airflow around;
- 5) No electric dust, explosive and corrosive gases around;

## 2.2 Transport and storage condition

- 1) Storage temperature: -40°C~+55°C;
- 2) Relative humidity: ≤93%.

# 3 Installation

This section describes the instructions that you should abide by when installing the centrifuge to ensure your safety and the optimum performance. Before moving the centrifuge, the rotor must be removed.

#### MARNING:

- This centrifuge may be damaged if it is connected to an improper power source.
- Check if the power source meets the requirements.

#### 3.1 Location

1) Locate the centrifuge on a firm and level table, ensure the feet of the centrifuge stand on the table firmly. Avoid installing on the slippery table-board that conveys vibration.

Ideal environment temperature is 20°C±5°C. Temperature should not be over 30°C.
 Avoid direct sunlight to the instrument.

3) Keep clearances of 10 cm on both sides and 30cm behind it to ensure its cooling efficiency. After installing, this distance should be marked around the centrifuge to ensure its cooling efficiency.

4) Do not install nearby a heat-generating device or waterworks from where water may drip or splash. Such location may cause sample temperature fluctuation or malfunction of the centrifuge.

**WARNING**: No any hazardous materials are within 30cm around the centrifuge to avoid leaking due to heavy vibration of the centrifuge.

## 3.2 Connection of the power cord and grounding

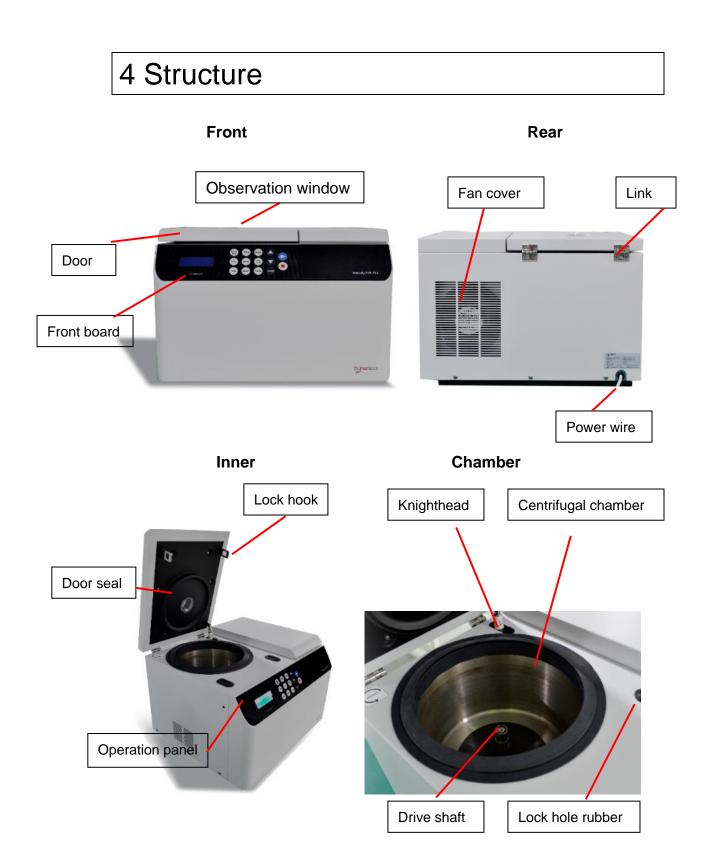
#### A WARNING:

• Do not touch the power cord with wet hands to avoid electrical shocks.

• This centrifuge must be properly grounded.

1) This centrifuge is equipped with a 3P flat plug. Grounding can be done by plugging the 3P plug into the outlet.

2) The outlet must have bigger current capacity than 10A and its earth terminal is installed properly.



# 5 Operation panel

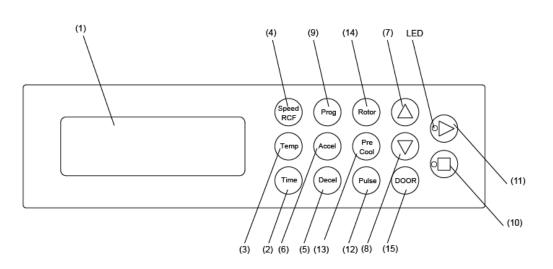


Figure 5-1 Operation Panel

NO.	Symbol	Name	Function
(1)		LCD Screen	Displays running parameters and state(Figure 5-2)
(2)	TIME	Time button	Set a running time (1min~99hours59min~HOLD)
(3)	ТВМР	Temperature	Set a control temperature of the sample
	$\cup$	button	
(4)	SPEED	Speed/RCF	Set speed or RCF
(4)		button	
(5)	DECEL	Deceleration	Set a deceleration rate. (1-9, 9 is the fastest)
	$\cup$	button	
(6)	ACCEL	Acceleration	Set an acceleration rate. (1-9, 9 is the fastest)
		button	
(7)		Increasing	Increase parameter values
		button	
(8)		Decreasing	Decrease parameter values
		button	
(9)	PROG	Programmed	Store and recall running conditions (0-9groups)
	$\smile$	button	
(10)		Stop button	Make the Rotor stop rotating. The red lamp blinks

			while decelerating and quenches when the rotor		
			stops rotating.		
			Make the rotor start spinning. The green lamp blinks		
(11)	lacksquare	Start button	while accelerating and keeps lighting when the		
	-		speed reaches the set value.		
			Accelerate the rotor while this button is pressed.		
(12)	PULSE	Pulse button	The rotor slow down and stop while this button is		
			released.		
(13)	PRE	Pre-cool	Press this button and turn into precooling mode.		
	G	button	Press the button for 6 seconds, the error message		
			list will be displayed.		
(14)	ROTOR	Rotor button	Input the rotor number or inquire the rotor		
			parameters		
(15)	DOOR	Door button	Door lock is released when this button is pressed.		

The LCD screen display the main interface as figure 5-2. The left part shows parameters of the rotary speed, the temperature and the time. The right part shows the operation status of acceleration, deceleration, rotor ID number and program group etc. Each left parameter consists of a symbol, a value and a unit, while each of the right status consists of only a symbol and a value.

The interface displays the operation parameters when the rotor is running, these parameters can be modified only when the rotor stops or it reaches the setting point. Please refer Section 7 for detail.

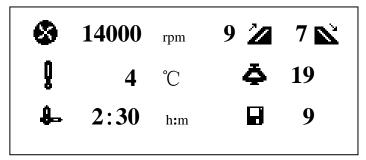


Figure 5-2 The LCD main interface

# 6 Preparation (Rotor)

#### A WARNING:

• This centrifuge and the rotor are not explosion-proof. Never use explosive or flammable samples.

• There are restriction on the usage of biological samples and radioactive substances that require biological isolation such as pathogens and recombinant DNA for safety purposes. User must prepare necessary safety measures before treating with samples containing such substances.

1) Prepare the sample

2) Put the sample into tubes or bottles

**CAUTION:** Sample may leak from the gap between the bottle and its cap if the bottle is fully filled up.

Do not exceed the capacity specified in the instruction manual.

3) Balance the centrifuge tubes or bottles

**CAUTION:** There are some cases where samples of different composition due in different precipitation levels by centrifugation even if they are equal in volume, and such operation may increase the level of imbalance. Properly arrange the tubes or bottles so that the same sample is placed symmetrically.

See Table 6.1 for allowable imbalance tolerance of each rotor.

Although this centrifuge can accept sample balancing by eye, we recommend that the sample is well-balanced to prolong the life expectancy of the centrifuge.

Never intentionally run the centrifuge under unbalanced condition even though the imbalance tolerance is not exceeded.

4) Inspect the rotor

#### ▲ CAUTION:

• If any abnormality such as corrosion or scratches is found, stop using the rotor and contact our service representative.

• Only use the rotors we recommended.

Check whether the rotor and the buckets have corrosion or scratch before use.

Check whether the swinging bucket rotor swing smoothly by slightly spinning the rotor manually. Perform periodic maintenance on the rotor.

5) Set balanced tubes or bottles symmetrically on the rotor or rotor frame

▲ **CAUTION:** Make sure that the cover is put on the rotor and locked securely. Otherwise, the rotor or its cover may be dislocated while rotating and damage the centrifuge or the rotor.

6) Confirm the ID code of the rotor

■ This instrument can identify rotors automatically.

■ Each rotor is assigned with an ID code. After the rotor is identified, the optimum temperature can be automatically controlled, and the function of over-speed protection and the speed/RCF display can be realized.

■ The list of available rotor's ID code, see Table 6.1.

	ID	Max.	Max.		Imbalance tolerance(*	
Rotor type	code	speed	RCF	Tube/bottle	Mass	Capacity
		(rpm)	(×g)		Imbalance	Imbalance(**)
FA15A	19	14,000	18,728	1.5/2 ml tube	1.5g/ tube	5mm/ tube
FA12A	03	12,000	14,100	0.2ml microtube	0.2 g/tube	Smm/ lube
FA15G	09	14,000	21,780	50ml TC tube	3.0 g/ tube	5mm/ tube
FA15B	16	14,000	18,990	50 ml to b a	0.05/454	Firmer ( to be
FA15C	18	14,000	20,290	50ml tube	3.0g/ tube	5mm/ tube
FA14C	13	14,000	20,920	50ml tube	3.0g/ tube	5mm/ tube
SW4C	05	4,000	1,780	5ml vacutainer for blood specimen collection	1.0g/ tube	2mm/ tube
FA18C	01	14,000	17,530	10ml tube	1.5 g/ tube	10mm/ tube
FA15E	08	14,000	19,700	5ml tube with V bottom	1.0g/tube	2mm/tube
FA15F	07	14,000	19,700	5ml tube with round bottom	1.0g/tube	2mm/tube
FA12B	02	12,000	13,840	1.5/2 ml tube	1.5g/ tube	5mm/ tube

Table 6.1 List of rotors

\* : The imbalance tolerance given in the table indicate the mass imbalance or capacity imbalance when the centrifuge tubes are place symmetrically.

\*\* : Capacity imbalance provide a rough measure of balancing and it is not necessarily to agree with mass imbalance.

# 7 Operation

#### A WARNING:

• Never open the door while the rotor is rotating or touch the rotating rotor.

• For your safety, do not step into the area with 30cm around the centrifuge while it is running. Users or any hazardous are recommend keeping 30 cm away from the centrifuge when it is running.

## 7.1 Normal Operation

1) Turn on the power switch.

■ The LCD screen displays a welcome interface and shows the accumulative total running time, in the meantime, this centrifuge starts a self-checking process for preparation. (see Figure 7-1).

Initializing...

V X.XX

Figure 7-1 Initialization interface

If the self-checking fails, the screen displays an error code on its right bottom corner.
Please refer the error code in the table 11-1.

**NOTE:** When the power is turned on, this centrifuge will take 7 seconds to self-check. During this time, the centrifuge will have no response to the buttons.

■ This centrifuge will move to a preparing interface after self-checking, and display the running parameters of the last time. For example, the Figure 7-2 shows that the speed was set to be 14000rpm, the temperature was 4°C, the running time was 2 hours and 30 minutes, the acceleration rate was 9, the deceleration rate was 7, the rotor ID was 19, and the program group number was 9.

Figure 7-2 is only an example. User's setting parameters and running parameters may be different from it.

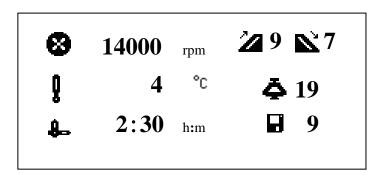


Figure 7-2 Preparation mode interface

The door is lock automatically.

After self-checking has passed, user can open the door by pressing  $\bigcup^{1000}$  button. After 6 seconds, door lock will close automatically.

2) Gently lift up the door and set the rotor on the drive shaft.

Place the rotor in position until it contacts the drive shaft.

■ You should feel a click when the rotor is properly placed on the drive shaft. If you do not feel anything, there may be something (e.g. dust) stuck between the rotor and the drive shaft and the rotor may be tilted. Check and clean the rotor or the shaft if needed.

Rotate the rotor slightly with your fingers. If the rotor vibrates obviously, place the rotor again.

#### 3) Close the door and start running.

#### ▲ CAUTION:

• Make sure that the angle between the door and the table is more than 70 degrees, otherwise the door may fall down.

• Be carefully not to get your fingers or hands caught between the door hook and table when closing the door.

4) Set the operating parameter

▲ **CAUTION:** Some buckets and adapters, and tubes, bottles and microplates that are sold on the market have lower allowable speeds(allowable RCF) than the rotor. Use them at the lowest allowable speed or less.

(1) Select a rotor ID.

- (1) Press the  $\bigcirc$  button.
- The rotor symbol ♣ blinks, the rotor ID can be selected.
- 2 Press  $\bullet$  or  $\bullet$  button to select the rotor ID.
- The rotor ID code is given in Table 6.1or it can be obtained by rotor inquiring function

(refer to 7.6 section).

NOTE: This step can be omitted because all rotors are automatically recognized.

(2) Set the speed, running time, sample temperature, acceleration and deceleration rate.

1 Press button.

Speed symbol <sup>SS</sup> blinks.

When the speed unit is RCF, it indicates you can input required RCF value. Then, press

the vertex button again, the speed unit becomes rpm, now you can input speed value. In the same way, you can also change rpm into RCF.

■ If no button is pressed after the symbol <sup>1</sup> has been blinking for 7 seconds, the symbol will stop blinking, close the inputting mode and return to the preparation screen.

2 Press  $(\bullet)$  and  $(\bullet)$  buttons to adjust the parameter.

■ The minimum speed you can set is 300 rpm with the interval of 100 rpm.

- The minimum RCF you can set is 100×g with the interval of 50×g.
- When keep pressing and buttons, you can set the values in a fast mode.

There is a cycling function on A and buttons. Press the button, the

value will go from small value to bigger one, and reach the maximum, then turn to the

minimum, while press 🕑 button, the sequence is big value, the smaller one, then the minimum and the maximum.

**NOTE:** The centrifuge may shake slightly when it is operated under 2,600rpm, this does not indicate any problem.

③ Press the () button to set sample temperature.

When the temperature symbol blinks, the temperature is ready to be set.

• Press • or • button to set the temperature value, the range is from -20°C to  $40^{\circ}$ C with the interval of 1°C.

(4) Press () button to set running time.

- While the time symbol blinks, the running time can be set.
- Press Or U button to set the running time, the range is from 1 minute to 99

hours and 59minutes~HOLD with the interval of 1 minute.

- 5 Press button to set acceleration rate.
- While the acceleration symbol 2 blinks, the acceleration rate can be set.

Press Or U button to set the acceleration rate, the range is from 1 to 9 with the interval of 1. Curve 9 is the highest rate.

6 Press button to set deceleration rate.

While the deceleration symbol Solution be set.

Press and buttons to set the deceleration rate, the range is from 1 to 9 with the interval of 1. Curve 9 is the fastest rate.

5) Start running.

(1) Press b button, to check the setting values again.

Press button for the first time, the screen displays the parameter verification screen. (see as the following interface)

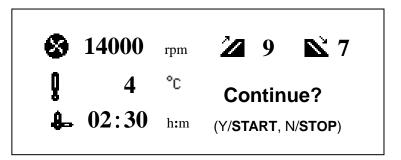


Figure 7-3 Verification of the operation parameters

If something is wrong with the operation parameter, press button, the centrifuge will return to the preparation mode for correction or modification.

If no button is pressed for 7 seconds, the centrifuge will return to the preparation mode.

(2) Press button again, start running.

The door should be locked before the rotor starts rotating.

During the acceleration, the green lamp on button keeps blinking. After the speed reaches set value, the lamp stops blinking and keeps lighting.

After accelerating for 8 seconds, the interface will display the processing screen, see the Figure 7-4.

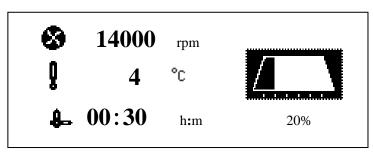


Figure 7-4 Processing Screen

The running status displays the whole process while the centrifuge operates. In this screen, the left part shows the actual running parameters, the time value is the actual operation time, not include the acceleration time. The right part is a sign of trapezium area which is being filled, indicating the whole process of the acceleration stage, the stable stage, and the deceleration stage. In the mean while, the trapezium also shows the running percentage. It also shows the running percentage. This screen makes it easier for the operator to monitor the whole running process.

This running status can not be shown in the pre-cooling mode or the short run mode. Under the short run mode, the right part of this screen displays the waving bar, and the HOLD symbol.

(3) Browse and modify the running parameters

■ You can inquire and modify the operation parameters after the centrifuge reaches its setting speed. Press the corresponding button, the Screen will return to the preparation screen and displays all setting values, refer to the section 7.1-4 for detail operations of modifying the parameters. If no button is pressed again, the centrifuge will return to its normal operation and operate in new parameters 6 seconds later.

The rotor ID cannot be modified when the rotor is running. After the time has been modified, the running time will not be reset to zero whereas it will continue to accumulate, and the running status screen will adjust accordingly.

(4) Error display

If there is anything wrong with the centrifuge, it will brake automatically and display the error number on the right bottom of the Screen. User can look up the error in the Table 11-1 and make corrective actions accordingly.

A WARNING: Do not open the door before the rotor stops.

6) Ending the running

- (1) The centrifuge will brake when it reaches the setting time or  $\bigcirc$  button is pressed.
- As the rotor decelerate, the green lamp on button turns off, and the red one on

button starts blinking.

When the rotor stops, the red lamp on button stops blinking and turns off. The instrument beeps 4 times to remind users that the operation is finished.

(2) Open the door.

• When the operation is finished, user can open the door by pressing  $\bigcup^{\text{OOR}}$  button.

■ After ending the operation, the centrifuge will save the operating parameters and recall them when power switch is turning on again.

**NOTE:** when the running is finished, the centrifuge will brake and the rotor will decelerate at the setting deceleration rate. But if button is pressed during the running, the rotor will decelerate at the highest deceleration rate.

(3) Take out the rotor or the sample.

A CAUTION: Please take out the rotor when you are not using the centrifuge. It can avoid rotor corrosion and damaging the drive shaft.

To continue using the centrifuge, close the door to prevent dew drops in the rotor chamber, and turn off the POWER switch.

At the end of daily operation or if the centrifuge will not be used for a long time, open the chamber door and turn off the power to dry the rotor chamber. You can close it when it is completely dry.

## 7.2 RCF Operation

The maximum radius of each rotor is programmed in the memory of the centrifuge. You can run the centrifuge by simply entering the desired RCF (×g) by simply entering the RCF value.

**NOTE:** Refer section 7.1-4, speed/RCF conversion, to set operating parameters.

#### 

• Do not exceed the allowable maximum RCF of the buckets, adapters, and tubes/bottles.

• RCF is calculated with the maximum radius and the rotating speed.

(1) Set the RCF value.

1) Press (RCF) button.

■ The Speed/RCF symbol 🤒 blinks.

■ When the symbol unit is rpm, it indicates you can input speed value. But press the

button again, the symbol unit will shift to RCF, then you can input RCF value.

If no button is pressed after the symbol <sup>30</sup> having blinked for 4 seconds, the symbol will stop blinking, and the inputting mode will be closed.

- ② Press A and D buttons to set a RCF value.
- The step size is 50 ×g.
- (2) Set running condition

Set running time, sample temperature, acceleration and deceleration rate according to

- 7.1-4 section.
- (3) Press 🕑 button to run the machine.
- (1) Press b button to check the parameters.
- Press button for the first time, user need to verify the parameter.
- If the parameters are incorrect, press button, the machine will return to preparation mode.
- ② Press button again, the machine starts to run.
- The door is locked, and rotor starts to rotate.
- During acceleration, the green lamp on button is blinking. When the instrument

reaches to the setting speed, the green lamp on igstyle button keeps lighting.

(4) Ending the operation

1 The centrifuge will brake when it reaches the setting time or  $\bigcirc$  button is pressed.

- As the instrument decelerate, the red lamp on button turns off, and the one on
  - button starts blinking.

When the rotor stops, the red lamp on button stops blinking and turns off. The instrument beeps 4 times to remind users that the operation is finished.

- (2) Press (1) button to open the door, and take out the rotor and samples.
- ③ Turn off the power according to 7.2.

## 7.3 Programmed Operation

This centrifuge is featured with nine programmed operations stored in its memory and they can be recalled by simply pressing buttons. This function can help saving your time and the steps for setting the operational conditions.

NOTE: Press (PROG) button to recall a programmed parameter or keep pressing it to program a new group of parameter. Newly programmed parameters will overwrite the old ones. 1) Programming operating parameter. (1) Turn on the power switch and set the rotor onto the drive shaft. (2) Press (1) button and the symbol  $\blacksquare$  blinks. User can input serial number of program. (3) Press () or () button to choose your desired program. The running parameters will display on LCD screen and change with the serial number. (4) Modify the operating parameters please refer to section 7.1-4. (5) Double press  $\stackrel{(\text{PROG})}{\longrightarrow}$  button, and then the new parameters will be saved. 2) Recall programmed parameter. (1) Turn on the power switch and set the rotor onto drive shaft.  $\overset{({}^{}_{}_{}_{}_{}}{}^{}_{}_{}_{}$  button and the symbol  $\overset{\blacksquare}{}$  blinks, then the instrument enter a (2) Press programmed running mode.

(3) Press  $\bigcirc$  or  $\bigcirc$  button to choose your desired parameter. The parameters will change with the serial number. The serial number is from 1 to 9 that is corresponding 1 to 9 group parameters respectively.

(4) Press  $\bigcirc$  button to run the centrifuge, for details please refer to the section 7.1-5.

## 7.4 Pulse Operation

#### NOTE:

• Under this mode, the acceleration and braking speed is designed to run at maximum, regardless of the settings.

• Under this mode, if user keeps pressing the button, the speed will rise until it

reaches the setting speed. If releases  $(F_{\text{PULSE}})$  button, it starts to decelerate until it stops.

The  $\bigcup$  button works only when rotor is not rotating and the door is locked.

1) Turn on the power switch and set the rotor onto the drive shaft.

2) Check the set speed and change it when necessary.



The rotor continues to accelerate while pressing this button, and when the centrifuge reaches the set speed, it will continue to operate at the set speed.

4) Release button.

■ The rotor starts the decelerating process, until it stops.

## 7.5 Pre-cooling operation

This function is designed to improve the ability to control the sample temperature. Using this function, the operator can cool the rotor chamber and the rotor in advance.

1) Press  $\begin{pmatrix} PRE \\ COOL \end{pmatrix}$  button, then the centrifuge enter into the pre-cooling mode.

The pre-cooling screen is shown as figure 7-5.

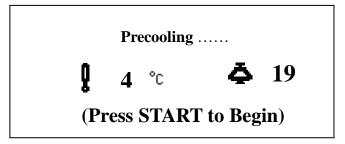


Figure 7-5 Pre-cooling interface

2) Set the temperature and rotor ID.

■ In the pre-cooling operation, depending on the selected rotor ID, the centrifuge will automatically choose the rotating speed and the acceleration rate, it is not necessary for the operator to set the operating condition. Only the temperature value and the rotor ID can be modified. Refer detail operations in section 7.1-4.

The centrifuge will return to the preparation mode if no button is pressed for 8 seconds.

3) Close the door and press 🕑 button to run the pre-cooling.

During the pre-cooling process, the screen could only display the operating temperature.

During the pre-cooling process, the instant rotating speed can be checked by pressing the pressing the button. The value will displays at left corner of the Screen and disappears 3 seconds later.

Before starting the pre-cooling operation, press button and the centrifuge can return to the preparation mode.

4) When the rotor reaches its setting temperature, the cooling process will stop and the centrifuge will beep and return to the preparation mode 5 seconds later.

If button is pressed during the pre-cooling operation, the cooling process will stop and the centrifuge will beep 4 times and return to the preparation mode.

5) Put samples into the rotor and run the centrifuge at normal operation. (refer to section 7.1)

## 7.6 Browse the rotor information

1) In the preparation mode, press button twice, the information of the current rotor will be displayed. See Figure 7-6, take rotor 16 for example.

As a normal operation, set the rotor ID to be 16.

Press button twice, the rotor information is displayed, as shown in the Figure 7-6.

The centrifuge will return to the preparation mode by pressing the button.

Rotor Parameters	
Rotor ID: 16	Angle: 30
Type: angle	
Capacity: 4×50ml	
Max Speed: 14000	)rpm
Max RCF: 18990×	g
Radius: 00868mm/	/10

Figure 7-6 Browsing rotor parameters

Descriptions are as follows:

Rotor ID: 16; Type: angle rotor; Max Speed: 14000rpm; Max Radius: 86.8mm; Angle: 30°; Capacity: 4×50ml; Max RCF: 18990×g;

# 8 Acceleration and Deceleration Rates

User can select acceleration and deceleration curves to your jobs from nine acceleration stages, and nine braking stages, with "9" is fastest, "1" is slowest.

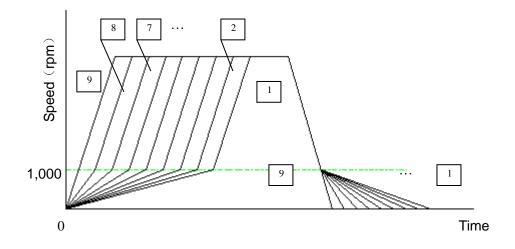


Figure 8.1 The schematic diagram of acceleration and deceleration curves

#### Advice for Selection of Acceleration and deceleration Rates

To collect precipitate, it is recommended to set acceleration and deceleration grade at
 9 to efficiently separate it.

To avoid a disturbance during deceleration process, it is recommended to select the grade at 6, 5, 4 or 3.

■ To separate invisible samples, such as DNA in microtubes, it is recommended to choose 7 or 8 grade of acceleration and deceleration rate.

# 9 Temperature Control

Temperature of the sample is controlled by detecting the rotor temperature through the temperature sensor. This centrifuge will automatically compensate changes in temperature due to difference of rotors, based on the ID code and the speed of the rotor in use. Operator only needs to set the desired temperature and let the centrifuge optimize its temperature control.

## 9.1 Sample temperature during the run

**CAUTION:** When a rotor at room temperature is used under the low set temperature, it will take a longer time to reach the set value. Some temperature sensitive sample may lose activity during this time. So it is necessary to cool the rotor by pre-cooling function before loading this sample in the rotor. Pre-cool the rotor according to the section 7.5.

Changes in sample temperature during operation may vary depending on the rotor type. Although the centrifuge displays the sample temperature, reading and actual difference may still arise e.g. in a short time operation; if the rotor used and the setting have significant temperature difference.

## 9.2 High-temperature operation

 $\triangle$  **CAUTION:** Running a rotor with a temperature set between 30°C and 40°C may deform the tubes or bottles as they are softened by high temperature. Perform test operation under the same conditions with the tubes or bottles to be used filled with liquid in advance, to ensure that it does not melt or deform.

Since this centrifuge is not equipped with a heater, friction heat caused by the rotating rotor is utilized to increase the rotor (sample) temperature. Therefore, the desired temperature may not be reached due to low heat quantity even if the temperature is set above the room temperature if the set speed is too low.

# 10 Maintenance

**CAUTION:** Using cleaning or sterilization methods other than recommended in this instruction manual may cause corrosion or deterioration to this centrifuge. Please switch off the centrifuge before cleaning.

## 10.1 The daily maintenance

1) Centrifuge

If the centrifuge is exposed to sunlight for a long time, the color of the covers may be changed and the label may be peeled off. Please cover the centrifuge with cloth after use to avoid direct exposure.

■ Wipe frost or moisture in the rotor chamber with a soft cloth. If the rotor chamber is dirty, clean with cloth or moistened sponge with a neutral detergent solution. Sterilize the centrifuge by wiping with a cloth moistened with 70% ethanol solution.

■ If dew drop are staying in the rotor chamber, dry the chamber with a soft cloth.

2) Rotor chamber

CAUTION: Do not pour water, neutral detergent or disinfectant solution directly into the rotor chamber. Otherwise fluids may leak into the drive unit and cause corrosion or deterioration to the drive shaft.

■ Wipe frost or moisture in the rotor chamber with a soft cloth. If the rotor chamber is dirty, clean with cloth or moistened sponge with a neutral detergent solution. Sterilize the centrifuge by wiping with a cloth moistened with 70% ethanol solution.

■ If dew drop are staying in the rotor chamber, dry the chamber with a soft cloth.

3) Drive shaft

Wipe the drive shaft with soft cloth if the surface is dirty.

■ To prevent scuffing of the rotor, wipe a small amount of lubricant by a cloth on the drive shaft's screw once a month.

4) The door

Clean and sterilize the door using the same method specified in the step 1).

5) Rotor

■ To prevent corrosion, please remove the rotor from the rotor chamber after use. If a rotor cover is provided, detach the rotor cover from the rotor to dry the inside of the tube holes.

If a sample is leaked in the rotor, first rinse the rotor with water, and then apply a thin

coat of silicon grease to it when it is completely dried.

For details please refer to rotor instruction manual.

## 10.2 Periodic inspect and replace consumable parts

The table below lists the consumable parts of this centrifuge. It is recommended to replace those parts within its lifespan. The timing of replacement varies depending on operation environment and condition.

No.	Description	Replacement condition
1	Gas spring	The door falls naturally or lifting
		become heavy (around 10,000
		times of opening and closing).
2	Chamber seal rubber assembly	A crack or deterioration is
	(Black motor cover at the bottom	observed. (Rubber parts may
	of the rotor chamber)	deteriorate faster if chemicals are
3	Door sealing rubber (Black rubber	splashed on the surface.)
	around the top of the rotor	
	chamber)	
4	Temperature sensor assenbly	
5	Lock hole rubber	

# 11 Troubleshooting

## 11.1 Common malfunction list

This centrifuge is designed with self-diagnosing function, i.e., a alarm code of the fault found will be displayed at the right bottom corner of the screen.

A WARNING: Do not open the door when the rotor is rotating.						
	Table 11-1 Error code					
Sympto	m	Causes	Solution			
Nothing	appears on the	·Building power circuit breaker	·Remove the cause of the trouble and			
screen	when the power	trips.	turn on the circuit breaker.			
is turned	d on.	•The fuse is blown out	·Replace the fuse.			
	E-02	$\cdot$ The door is open while the rotor	·Close the door immediately.			
	Door Open	is rotating.	·Close the door, and then press the			
		•The <b>b</b> button is pressed	<b>b</b> utton.			
		while the door is open.	·change the sensor part			
		<ul> <li>the locking sensor broken</li> </ul>				
Error code E-xx appeared on the right corner of Screen.	E-03	The centrifuge can not identify	Reconfirm the ID code of the rotor			
r co	Rotor ID	the rotor ID.	and make a correct selection.			
de E		<ul> <li>the rotor confirm sensor broken</li> </ul>	·replace the confirm sensor			
:-XX	E-04	·Refrigeration ability is insufficient	$\cdot$ If the room temperature is high, lower			
app	Temp Ctrl	$\cdot$ The air inlets on both sides of	it.			
eare		the centrifuge are blocked.	$\cdot$ Dredge the air inlets on the			
jų p		$\cdot$ Too much Dust is deposited on	centrifuge.			
n the		the radiator.	·Clean the dust.			
e rig		$\cdot$ Something is wrong with the	·Replace the damage part.			
ht c		refrigeration parts				
orne	E-06	The setting speed or g-value is	Check the settings and let it within the			
r of	Over Set	over the allowable range.	allowable range.			
Scre	E-09	$\cdot$ The imbalance is over the	·Balance the sample to ensure			
een.	Imbalance	allowable range.	imbalance is within the allowable			
		•The machine is impacted when it	range.			
		is running.	$\cdot$ Don't push the instrument when it is			
			running.			
	E-10~86	Read Maintenance manual.	Contact our sales or service			
			representative. Inform them the alarm			
			code.			

Error code E1 to E9 is mainly related to misoperation. You can continue using the centrifuge after the malfunction is removed.

## 11.2 Identify the malfunction

You can identify the malfunction by following the instructions.

In the preparation mode, press the free button for 5 seconds, then the malfunction list appears on the screen.

Press or button to turn page, you can find the causes accordingly to the error code.

If no button is pressed for 5 seconds or the button is pressed, the centrifuge will return to the preparation mode.

# 12 Frequent problems and solutions

#### A WARNING:

- Never open the door while the instrument is running.
- In the event when the door is opened while the rotor is still rotating, close immediately.

## 12.1 How to open the door

#### 1) The condition with the power on

User can open the door only when the instrument is powered and the rotor is not rotating.

(1) When the instrument turns on the power switch, press (1) button to open the door. But 6 seconds later, the door will be locked again.

(2) When the rotor is stopped, press (1000) button to open the door.

(3) Confirm that the rotor is not rotating through observation window.

#### 2) The condition with the power off

If the door cannot be opened due to the power outage, try to use the following steps:

(1) Make sure that the rotor is not rotating.

- Listen carefully to make sure that no sound can be heard.
- Confirm that the rotor is not rotating through observation window.
- It will take about 30 minutes for a large-size rotor to stop completely. Please allow of a sufficient time before taking any further actions.

(2) Insert a screwdriver into the small hole to open the door.

- The small hole is located on the left upper side of the centrifuge.
- Insert a screwdriver into this hole, and then push the lock to open the door.

(3) While the screwdriver pushing the lock, you can open the door with your hand.

#### 12.2 How to remove the rotor stuck on the shaft

When the rotor is placed on the driving shaft for a long time, or because of extensive vibration, it may be firmly stuck on the driving shaft and will be difficult to be removed. Under this condition, the driving shaft may be bended if improper operation is used.

Correct Procedures is as followings:

1) Fix the screw (included in the attachment tools of the centrifuge) into the central

thread hole of the rotor.

2) Insert the screwdriver into the thread hole of the screw. With one hand holding the rotor and the other hand turn the screw right so that the screw can go down and touch the top of the drive shaft.

3) Continue screwing the bolt down, the rotor will be lifted up from the driving shaft.

4) Remove the rotor with both hands and put it on a horizontal table.

5) Turn the screw left and remove it from the rotor.

6) Inspect the drive shaft and the rotor. If any scratches are observed on their inner surfaces, contact with the service representatives.

**WARNING:** In case that the rotor is stuck to the driving shaft, it is not allowed to remove the rotor using force. Otherwise, the drive shaft may be bended or damaged. User should remove the rotor following the above procedure.

# 13 Applicable rotors and tubes

#### $\triangle$ CAUTION:

- To use the rotor properly please read the instruction manual carefully.
- Do not run the centrifuge exceeding the allowable maximum speeds of the rotor,

buckets, and adapters. Some adapters, tubes and bottles have a lower speed than the rotor in use.

## 13.1 Table of applicable rotors

Rotor type	Maximum	Actual capacity	Tube/bottle	
	speed	(ml×No. of tubes)		
	Maximum RCF		Part name	Size(Φ×L)mm
FA12A	12,000rpm	0.2×48	0.2ml tube	
	14,100×g			
FA15A	14,000rpm	1.5/2.0×24	1.5ml tube	Ф10.8×40.5
	18,728×g			
FA14C	14,000rpm	50×4	50ml tube	Ф30×116
	20,920×g			
FA15G	14,000rpm	50×6	50 ml TC tube	Ф30×116
	21,780×g			
FA15B	14,000rpm	50×4		
	18,990×g		50ml PP tube	Ф29×106
FA15C	14,000rpm	50×6		Ψ29^100
	20,290×g			
SW4C	4,000rpm	5×4	5ml vacutainer for blood	Ф12.3×81
	1,780×g		specimen collection	
FA18C	14,000rpm	10×10	10 ml PP tube	Ф16×82
	17,530×g			
FA15E	14,000rpm	5×12	5 ml tube with V bottom	Ф16.7×60
	19,700×g			
FA15F	14,000rpm	5×16	5ml tube with round bottom	Φ13.5×53.5
	19,700×g			

FA12B	12,000rpm	2×48	1.5ml tube	Ф10.8×40.5
	13,840×g			

## 13.2 Cleaning and sterilizing tubes and bottles

1) To choose optional conditions for cleaning and sterilizing the tubes and bottles, please refer to the following table.

#### Cleaning and sterilizing conditions for tubes and bottles

Condition		Material	PA	PC	PP
		Acidic detergent(pH5 or lower)	х	Х	Х
		Acidic detergent (higher than pH5)	0	0	0
	Running water	Alkaline detergent(higher than pH9)	0	Х	0
Cleaning	cleaning	Alkaline detergent(pH9 or lower)	0	0	0
ining		Neutral detergent(pH7)	0	0	0
		Warm water (up to 70°C)	0	0	0
	Ultrasonic	Neutral detergent (pH7)	0	0	0
	cleaning				
		115°C (0.7kg/cm <sup>2</sup> ) 30minutes	0	0	0
	Autoclaving	121°C (1.0kg/cm <sup>2</sup> ) 20 minutes	х	0	0
(0		126°C (1.4kg/cm <sup>2</sup> ) 15 minutes	х	Х	х
Sterili	Boiling	15 to 30 minutes	0	0	0
Sterilization	Ultraviolet	200-300nm	х	Х	Х
	sterilization				
	Gas sterilization	Ethylene oxide	0	х	0
		Formaldehyde	0	0	0

PA: Polyallomer; PC: Polycarbonate; PP: Polypropylene

2) Cleaning PC tubes and bottles

PC materials have low chemical stability against alkaline solutions, so avoid using detergents with pH higher than 9. Note that some neutral detergents' pH is still higher than 9 even if diluted according to the instruction. Use detergent with its pH between 7.0 and 9.0.

3) Sterilize PA, PC and PP tubes and bottles by autoclave

PA begins softening at about 120°C, and PC and PP at about 130°C. So disinfect PA tubes/bottles at 115°C (0.7kg/cm<sup>2</sup>) for 30 minutes and PC and PP tubes/bottles at 121°C (0.1kg/cm<sup>2</sup>) for 20 minutes when using the autoclaving. If the temperature is exceeded,

the tubes/bottles may deform.

Please take the following instructions when using a sterilizing vessel:

(1) Place bottles in vertical position with mouths upward. If bottles are inclined, they may deform due to gravity action.

(2) Remove caps and inner covers to avoid deformation or rupture.

(3) Take the bottles out till the sterilizing chamber cools down to the room temperature.

4) The lifetime of tubes and bottles

The lifetime of plastic tubes and bottles depends on the characteristics of samples, speed of the rotor, temperature and so on.

When the plastic tubes/bottles are used for ordinary centrifugation (pH between 5.0 and

9.0), their life expectancies are defined as follows:

When operated at the maximum speed:

High quality tubes and bottles (PA, PC, PP): 30-50 times

Ordinary tubes and bottles (PA, PC, PP): about 10 times

The lifetime of the plastic tubes/bottles also depend on the treatment conditions such as cleaning and sterilization.

# 14 Rotating radius of applicable rotors

Name	Rotor	Maximum	Name	Rotor	Maximum	Name	Rotor	Maximum
	ID	radius(cm)		ID	radius(cm)		ID	radius(cm)
FA12A	03	8.73	FA15G	09	9.94	FA15B	16	8.68
FA14C	13	9.55	FA15C	18	9.46	FA15A	19	8.61
SW4C	05	10.00	FA18C	01	8.00	FA12B	02	8.61
FA15E	08	9.00	FA15F	07	9.00			

Table 14.1 List of the maximum radius of rotors

# 15 Calculating relative centrifuge force (RCF)

An RCF can be determined by the following calculation formula:

RCF=1.118×r×n<sup>2</sup>×10<sup>-5</sup>

r-rotating radius, unit: cm, n-rotating speed, unit: r / min

# 16 Circuit connecting graph

The electric connecting drawing is shown as Figure 16-1. The electric system consists of control board, drive board, display board, sensors, motor, refrigerator, and fans etc. All four fuses are placed on the drive board, with signs of F1, F2, F3, F4 respectively, their specifications are:

F1, F3, F4: 10A,  $\Phi$ 6×30, delay type, used for the compressor, the fan and main circuit protection;

F2: 3.15A, Φ5×20, ordinary type, used for the DC POWER protection;

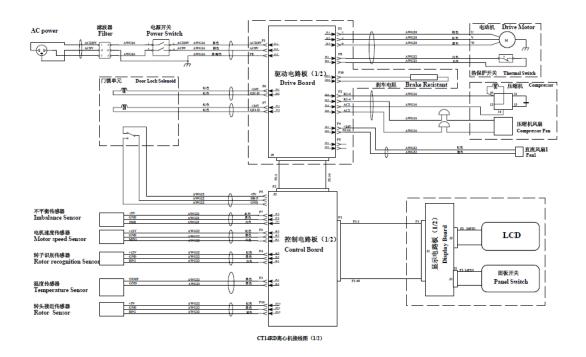


Figure 16-1 Circuit connecting graph

A Unauthorized repairs, disassembly, and other services to the centrifuge are strictly prohibited.

# 17 Guarantee

#### Guarantee of the centrifuge

This centrifuge is guaranteed for one year from the date of installation or one and half years from out-of-factory (date depending on the first come one) while it has been operated and maintained properly.

Guarantee of the rotor

The rotor is guaranteed for 7 years from the date of delivery. When the rotor has been damaged by corrosion or material fatigue, please pay special attention on it and do not use the rotor any more.

We do not guarantee the centrifuge and the rotor under the following conditions even before the guarantee period expires:

(1) Failures caused by incorrect installation

- (2) Failures caused by rough and/or improper operation
- (3) Failures caused by transportation or displacement after installation
- (4) Failures caused by unauthorized disassembly or modification
- (5) Failures caused by the use of non-Dynamica components such as rotors, buckets and adapters
- (6) Failures caused by natural disasters including fire, earthquakes and so on
- (7) Consumable parts and parts with a limited guarantee period

# After-sales Service

Periodic maintenance is recommended to assure safe and efficient operation. If the centrifuge has something wrong, do not attempt to repair it by yourself. Contact our sales or service representative.

# Dynamica

# The Velocity Range

## Bench Top Centrifuges

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